

SAGE-BRUSH SIFTINGS.

A moonlight picnic on the river is in order.

Reynolds has organized a Republican campaign club.

A. Wise is well prepared to make links for his patrons.

J. W. M. Mey and brother were in Pittsburg yesterday.

Whom cough continues prevalent with the children of town.

Mrs. W. E. Killen and daughter returned from a visit to St. Louis last week.

A. G. H. Bee, of the Blanco mines, arrived here Tuesday from San Francisco, Cal.

Cas. Hartsman is selling out his stock preparatory to receiving a new line of goods.

One clear and distinct idea is worth a world of many ones. Gain one clear distinct truth, and it becomes a center of light.

Dr. Sutherland and family have returned to Austin where the doctor will practice his profession.

Frank Mattos of the American Exchange Hotel returned home yesterday from Eureka where he has been looking after his stage line.

A. D. Lemaire has just completed his new house on Front Street. It is nearly finished and will make a fine residence for a small family.

L. C. Hull, principal of the Austin schools, returned home Monday after attending the Educational Association which met in San Francisco.

The Rev. F. Bouchard, S. J., accompanied by Rev. Jos. Phelan of Austin, will arrive here on Monday next. Tuesday morning services will be held at Mrs. Layton's.

Sheriff Fellows, of Winnemucca, Humboldt County, was in town yesterday, having been called here by the sudden illness of his wife who has been visiting Mrs. Huntsman at the Capitol Hotel.

A number of families from town are enjoying the river fishing and enjoying out-door life. The following comprise the party: Mrs. Brown and family, Mrs. Hagar and family, Mr. and Mrs. Davis and family, Mr. and Mrs. Egbert, Jennie Woods and Carl Hays.

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the books of registration for the general election to be held November 6, 1888, are now open and will remain open daily on all legal days from 10 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock P. M. until October 10, 1888, and from October 10, 1888, to October 21, 1888, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M., in addition to the hours heretofore mentioned, at which time the books of registration will be closed as 6 o'clock P. M. Naturalized citizens will be required to present their papers of naturalization.

ROBERT McBETH,
Register Agent for
Galena Precinct, Lander County, Nev.
GALENA, July 20th, 1888

The First Applicant.

M. D. Murphy announces himself a candidate for County Recorder, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

Murphy has creditably filled the unexpired term of the late James D. Ryan. He is a man of good reputation and one, who, if nominated, will make a good run. For the consideration of the party, we submit the name of M. D. Murphy for Recorder.

For District Attorney.

W. D. Jones announces himself a candidate for re-nomination to the office of District Attorney, in this issue of the NEVADAN. He has served the county two years and during that time has done his duty to the people in a fearless and righteous manner. His conduct recommends him to the Democratic Convention for nomination and to the people for election.

Commissioner.

G. S. Moore, an old and much respected citizen of Galena, announces himself in this issue of the NEVADAN as a candidate for short term Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of this county.

Mr. Moore is a line Democrat who has always been in the harness doing battle for his party.

Advertisement in the NEVADAN.

The Test Oath.

Following is the oath required of all voters before their names can be entered upon the registry list. The Act was passed by the last Legislature, and approved March 31, 1887:

Every person applying to be registered shall, before he shall be entitled to have his name registered, take and subscribe to the following oath or affirmation which shall be administered by the Registering Agent: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a citizen of the United States, that I am of the age of twenty-one years, and will have actually and not constructively resided in this State six months, and in the county thirty days next preceding the day of the next election (or, in case of a municipal election, such length of time as may be required by the act of incorporation); that I am not registered elsewhere in this State; that I am not a bigamist or polygamist; that I neither teach nor practice bigamy or polygamy; that I am neither a member of, nor belong to the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, commonly called the Mormon Church; that I am not a member of, nor belong to any order, organization or association which sanctions or tolerates bigamy or polygamy, or plural or celestial marriage, or which exercises or claims the right to exercise civil power, in conflict with or opposed to the Constitution or laws of this State or of the United States; that I regard the Constitution of the United States and the laws thereof, and the Constitution and laws of the State of Nevada, as interpreted by the courts, as the supreme law of the land, the doctrines or teachings of any order, organization or association to the contrary notwithstanding. So help me God (or under the pains and penalties of perjury)."

Central Pacific Report.

The annual report of the Directors of the Central Pacific Railroad Company has been filed in the office of the Railroad Commissioner of California. It states that the total number of stockholders is 1,826, and that the capital stock paid in amounts to \$68,000,000, divided into 680,000 shares. The gross liabilities amount to \$89,583,938 50 of which \$27,855,680 are United States bonds, and \$59,880,000 is the funded debt. The total net liabilities are put down at \$65,172,726 89. The total cost of construction was \$167,404,012 66. It has 242 locomotives, 10 snow-plows, 24 sleeping-cars, 248 passenger coaches and 4,543 freight cars. The total income from all sources was \$1,509,519 80, which included a guaranteed rental of \$1,200,000 received from the Southern Pacific Company.

County School Superintendents.

"As the law now a District Attorney of the several counties of the State on and after the first day of January next, will be ex-officio County School Superintendents, and will have to perform the duties of that office in addition to the duties imposed as District Attorney. The school interests are increasing in importance and labor and work required of the School Superintendent will make the office of District Attorney more onerous than it has ever been, and to fill the dual office will require rather peculiar qualifications. Whether just or not there is no increase of salary with the ex-officio duties of this county official."

A Clearburst.

Sunday afternoon a water spout came down the mountain south of town with such force and rapidity that it carried everything in front of it. The water flooded the valley for miles around and caused the mighty Reese River to swell to such proportions that it was impassable between here and Lewis, where there has not been a drop of water for months past. It did no further damage than wetting a few travelers who were passing over the portion of the country encompassed by the flood.

New Trans-continental Freight Rates.

The Transcontinental Association has agreed upon a freight tariff, copies of which arrived from St. Louis today. The new rates proposed to and from Missouri River common points are as follows, per 100 pounds: First class \$3 50; second, \$3; third, \$2 50; fourth \$2; fifth, \$1 75. To and from Chicago and common points: First class, \$3 90; second, \$3 40; third, \$2 70; fourth, \$2 10; fifth, \$1 65. To and from New York and common points: First class, \$4; second, \$3 50; third, \$3; fourth \$2 50; fifth, \$2.

Subscribe for the NEVADAN and get the news.

WATER! WATER!

The cry of the mill men and ranchers for water is louder this year than ever. Last Winter and Spring it was thought that the snow that fell on the mountains would keep the mills on the Carson running until the middle of August, but the middle of July finds the river almost dry. One cause for the miscalculation is that most of the snow that fell last Winter settled on the other side of the watershed of the Sierra, and when the Summer suns came and melted it the water flowed in a California instead of coming this way. Another cause for there being less water this year is the fact that a large quantity of new land has been taken up along the head waters of the river in California as well as in this State, and a considerable more water has been required for irrigating.

Next Summer when the water becomes low in the river there will be the same wait for those who need it for irrigating and other purposes. Last Summer the cry arose early. Two years ago it was the same way, and nobody was any better off after the Legislature had met and portended around and spent \$60,000 and done nothing about irrigation, or anything else, that amounted to much. Two years ago there were numerous bills presented for the consideration of the representatives on irrigation. Most of them were for appropriations for making experiments in sinking artesian wells. The bill that was passed has so far amounted to but little, and in our opinion the artesian well scheme for irrigation, while it is good enough as far as it goes, will never secure water enough to irrigate all the land that is susceptible of cultivation in this State. There are some pieces of land where wells can be sunk and a sufficient flow of water obtained to irrigate a large number of acres of ground, but there are many more acres of good land along the courses of the Nevada rivers that could and would be reclaimed if there was only water enough in the streams.

The only true way to start an irrigation boom in this State is for the State itself to take hold of the matter and save the vast quantity of water that is every year going to waste in the Spring. This can only be done by an appropriation of a sufficient amount of money by the Legislature to build dams and reservoirs in the canyons at the head waters of our principal streams. It will cost such a mint of money, you say. Admit that it will take \$100,000 or \$150,000 to build reservoirs and dams at the head of one stream, say the Carson. There are thousands of acres of land along this river that are now not under cultivation because there is no water. If water was to be had on this land it would be taken up and cultivated, the population of our State would increase, as would also the taxable property in the State, the railroads along the stream would not have to be idle a third of the time as they do now, and if such methods were resorted to at the head of all the principal rivers the State would soon become prosperous and thrifty. It would well be worth the outlay of a few hundred thousand dollars. The reason we would advocate the State taking the matter in hand is that if she does not it will not be many years before corporations will and we do not believe it would be as advantageous for settlers to look to a corporation for irrigation as it would for them to be able to come here knowing that they could obtain all the water that was necessary to reclaim what land they might wish to take up, free of charge, or at a very low rate of taxation.

The people do not grow much about paying out in the neighborhood of \$60,000 every two years for a whole lot of worthless legislation, the half of which is repealed at some future session, but if there is an appropriation talked of for anything that will do some good and be a benefit to the State they throw up their hands in horror, and exclaim, "What would the dear people say if we were to make a \$100,000 appropriation?" Let them say what they please. The scheme may be laughed at at first, and all kinds of accusations be made but let this matter be put in the hands of the right parties and when success becomes apparent, the tide of public sentiment will change.

Suppose that a two weeks' session of the Legislature be held instead of a two months' one, and save \$40,000 or \$45,000 in this manner. A few years of this saving would allow of a good big appropriation for irrigation. Would it not be well to begin this way?—Lyon County Times.

TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.

A very important bill has passed the Senate. It previously had passed the House and now goes to the President. Its principal clauses are as follows:

"Sec. 1. That all railroads and telegraph companies to which the United States has granted any subsidy in lands or bonds or loan of credit for the construction of either railroad or telegraph lines, which by the Act incorporating them, or by any Act amendatory or supplementary thereto, are required to construct, maintain or operate telegraph lines, and all companies engaged in operating said railroad or telegraph lines shall forthwith and henceforward, by and through their own respective corporate officers and employees, maintain and operate for railroad, Government, commercial and all other purposes, a telegraph line, and exercise by themselves alone all the telegraph franchises conferred upon them and obligations assumed by them under the Acts making the grant as aforesaid.

"Sec. 2. That whenever any telegraph company which shall have accepted the provisions of Title LXV of the Revised Statutes, shall extend its line to any station or office of a telegraph line belonging to any of said railroad or telegraph companies, referred to in the first section of this Act, said telegraph company so extending its line, shall have the right, and said railroad or telegraph company shall allow the line of said telegraph company to extend its line to connect with the telegraph line of said railroad or telegraph company to which it is extended at the place where their lines may meet, for the prompt and convenient interchange of telegraph business between said companies, and such railroad or telegraph companies referred to in the first section of this Act shall so operate their respective telegraph lines as to afford equal facilities to all, without discrimination in favor or against any person, company or corporation whatever, and shall receive, deliver and exchange business with connecting telegraph lines on equal terms and affording equal facilities and without discrimination with, or against any such connecting line, and such exchange of business shall be on terms just and equitable.

"Sec. 3. That if any such railroad or telegraph company referred to in the first section of this Act, or company operating such railroad or telegraph line, shall refuse or fail in whole or in part to maintain and operate a telegraph line as provided in this Act and Acts to which this is supplementary, for the use of the Government or the public for commercial and other purposes, without discrimination, or shall refuse or fail to make or cause such arrangement for the interchange of business with any connecting telegraph company, then any person, company, corporation or connecting telegraph company may apply for relief to the Interstate Commerce Commission, whose duty it shall thereupon be to ascertain the facts and determine and order what arrangement is proper to be made in each particular case, and the railroad or telegraph company concerned shall abide by and perform such order; and it shall be the duty of the Interstate Commerce Commission, when such determination and order are made, to notify the parties concerned, and if necessary enforce the same by writ of mandamus in the courts of the United States, in the name of the United States, at the relation of either of said Interstate Commerce Commissioners, provided that said Commissioners may institute any inquiry upon their own motion in the same manner and to the same effect as though the complaint had been made."

It is estimated that to collect one pound of honey; 62,000 heads of clover must be deprived of their nectar, necessitating 3,750,000 visits from bees. It would seem from this that the reputation of the wonderful little insect for industry has not been overrated. Wax is a substance secreted by the bees, and is analogous to the fat of higher animals. To produce a single pound of wax, the bees must consume from fifteen to twenty pounds of honey. This expensive substance is used by the thrifty little insects with the greatest economy.

There are 150,000 miles of railway in the United States; about half the mileage of the world.

Let me give you a single instance of these splendid foreign markets that we are urged to go after in a single industry with which I am somewhat familiar. The possible foreign market for boots and shoes that we could reach is worth about \$20,000,000 annually. Our own market is worth \$240,000,000 annually, and increases at the rate of \$20,000,000 a year. Shall we admit France, England, Belgium, and the rest of Europe to our \$240,000,000 market in order that we may have the privilege of competing with them for the possession of markets worth altogether \$20,000,000?—Henry Cabot Lodge.

According to Superintendent Keating's annual report of the ballion yield of the Savage mine for the year ending July 16, 1888, was \$333,895 53; total assessments levied, \$112,000; receipts, \$533,295 83; cash in treasury \$13,587 57.

A mail route from Winnemucca, by Blue Mountain Station, Jung Point, Battle Creek, Quinn River Crossing and Denio's Station to Wild Horse, Oregon, 121 miles and back, once a week, has been advertised to begin August 16, 1888.

The Seventh Ward Republicans of Troy, N. Y., have formed a club which will work for Harrison and Morton. Of the sixty members who placed their names on the roll twenty voted for Cleveland in 1884.

A good many of the people who are settling in Canada are those who have neglected to do any settling over here.

NEW TO-JAY.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE of Nevada, in and for the County of Humboldt.

J. H. McMillan, Plaintiff, vs. F. E. Hinekey, Defendant. Action brought in the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Humboldt, and the complaint and return filed in the office of the Clerk of said District Court on the 22nd day of June, A. D. 1888.

The State of Nevada sends greeting to F. E. Hinekey, doing business under the name of "Bunker Hill Mining Co.," defendant. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for the County of Humboldt, and to answer the complaint filed therein with the Clerk of said Court, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or, if served out of this county but in this Judicial District, within twenty days, otherwise, within forty days; or you may by default will be taken a default against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

Said action is brought to recover judgment against you for \$731 89 alleged to be due from you to plaintiff as follows, to-wit: \$94.75 for legal services rendered and money advanced by plaintiff since November 1st, 1887, for your use and benefit, and at your instance and request; \$36.43 balance due one Thomas Hart for work and labor performed in May and June, 1888, at your instance and request; \$3,621.14 balance due for services rendered and money advanced by one Wm. A. Farish since April 15, 1887, at your instance and request, and to your use and benefit; \$257 92 balance due to one Samuel D. a from you on account stated June 22d 1887; \$13 62 balance due to one K. O. Leroy from you on account stated June 25th; \$44 40 balance due to one Frank Hamlin from you on account stated June 1st, 1888; \$45 00 balance due to one Wm. Cooper from you on account stated June 20th, 1888; \$14 00 balance due to one E. T. Cook from you on account stated June 22d, 1888; \$214 07 balance due to one B. F. L. Smith from you on account stated June 22d, 1888; \$3 45 balance due to one W. A. Farish from you on account stated June 22d, 1888; \$15 50 balance due to one K. O. Leroy from you on account stated June 20th, 1888; \$71 balance due to one Wm. O'Leary from you on account stated June 20th, 1888; \$51 65 balance due to one Wm. Meagher from you on account stated June 1st, 1888; \$66 33 balance due to one J. D. Hider from you on account stated June 19th, 1888; \$37 30 balance due to one Joseph Armstrong from you on account stated June 11th, 1888; \$3 45 balance due to one S. L. Can from you on account stated June 22, 1888; \$30 33 balance due to one Mrs. L. D. Hartsman from you on account stated June 20, 1888; \$11 25 balance due to one J. P. Siavan from you on account stated June 20, 1888; \$98 97 balance due to one J. C. Brown from you on account stated June 21, 1888; \$332 53 balance due to one Frank Hart from you on account stated June 22, 1888. All of which several claims were bargained, sold and transferred to this plaintiff by several accounts since the 1st day of June 1888, and before the commencement of this action; and plaintiff is now the owner and holder thereof.

All of which will more fully appear by reference to said complaint, a certified copy of which accompanies this summons, and is made a part hereof.

A. D. you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint above repaid, said Plaintiff will take default and judgment against you for the sum of \$6,763 89; and its costs of suit herein.

Given under my hand this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1888.

J. H. McMillan, Attorney for Plaintiff.

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Political Announcements.

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OF GALENA.

Hereby announces himself a candidate for

County Commissioner

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

W. D. Jones

OF AUSTIN.

Hereby announces himself a candidate for

District Attorney

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

M. D. Murphy

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Hereby announces himself a candidate for

County Recorder

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

D. A. Reynolds

OF AUSTIN.

HEREBY announces himself a candidate for

SHERIFF

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

J. A. Miller

OF AUSTIN.

HEREBY announces himself a candidate for

COUNTY CLERK

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

F. P. Van Patten

OF AUSTIN.

HEREBY announces himself a candidate for

SHERIFF

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

George W. Hinman,

OF BATTLE MOUNTAIN.

HEREBY announces himself a candidate for

SHERIFF,

Subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of Lander County.

New Opening

—AND—

New Goods.

A. D. LEMAIRE.

General

MERCHANDISE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

IMPOSSIBLE TO ENUMERATE

our different branches. When you wish anything, call for it; you will get it.

Have overhauled our stock and marked all goods down to

Living Red Rock

Prices.

CALL AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED

corner. Every article in stock that is usually found in a first class general merchandise store. The

LARGEST STOCK

In one house to be found in Lander County.

Call! Call! Call!

Goods Purchased Will Be Delivered in any Part of Town

Respectfully yours,

A. D. LEMAIRE.

Frank Manning,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.

Watches and Clocks Repaired and Warranted.

—ALSO DEALER IN—

WATCHES CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

JEWELRY NEATLY REPAIRED.

LEWIS' STORE BRIDGE STREET.

WINNEMUCCA, NEVADA.